



Third International Conference on
Canadian, Chinese and African Sustainable Development

"THE BELT AND ROAD" & NODE: NEW INFLUENCES AND PARADIGMS IN CITY BUILDING

CHENGDU, CHINA
JULY 15-17, 2019

WWW.ICCCASU2019.ORG



Moving beyond the conventional practice of North-South or South-South cooperation, ICCASU fosters a triangular dialogue between African countries, Canada and China. The conference will bring together researchers, practitioners, and decision-makers from the public, private and civil society sectors to explore challenges of urban development in Canada, China and Africa – with a focus on city-building in the so-called Asian Century. The term “Asian Century” acknowledges the volume and rate of contemporary urbanization in Asia coupled with increasing economic and political influence of Asia in the 21st century. This topic is particularly relevant to ICCASU III as the three countries/continents in our regime represent different perspectives/experiences in this transition of influence.

In the context of the New Urban Agenda (NUA), ICCASU III will focus on urbanization, both within and driven by Asian actors, including China’s Belt and Road Initiative.

ICCCASU III will examine current urban development models in African countries, Canada and China in order to identify how best to address fragility, reduce vulnerability and to promote efficiency, prosperity and smart urban development across a range of geographic, historical, political and economic contexts. The conference will also examine ways in which local and global issues place limits on sustainable urban development, and it will identify mechanisms that could or ought to be put in place to improve the local and global governance of urban spaces.

What might cities in Africa learn from China’s approach to controlling informal settlements? How can we reasonably plan the land space and realize the sustainable development of cities in the process of urbanization? What are the best and promising policies, rules and regulations, and practices fostering resilience of communities and build environment at local and national levels? It is questions like these that are at the heart of ICCASU III.

SOME FACTS



2.5B

By 2050, continuing population growth and urbanization are projected to add 2.5 billion people to the world's urban population



90%

Nearly 90% of the increase will be concentrated in Asia and Africa.



INEQUALITIES

Unplanned or inadequately managed urban expansion leads to rapid sprawl, pollution, environmental degradation, and deepening inequalities.



**URBAN
POVERTY**

Urban poverty is already significant with hundreds of millions of people living in sub-standard conditions



95CM

Due to climate change, sea levels could rise by 15 to 95 cm by 2100. The number of people at risk from coastal flooding in Africa will rise from one million in 1990 to 70 million by 2080.



**\$2.3
TRILLION**

Natural climate solutions like ending deforestation and restoring degraded forests could, at the global level, create 80 million jobs, bring 1 billion people out of poverty and add US\$ 2.3 trillion in productive growth.

WHAT CAN YOU DO AS AN INSTITUTION?

ICCCASU is counting your institution's support and contribution. As an institutional partner, you could play a crucial role in advancing this tripartite dialogue, while also supporting our mission for a sustainable and inclusive urban development, fighting for urban property, and stopping climate change through cooperative study, research, and dialogue. We cordially invite you to join ICCCASU to showcase your innovative thinking, and also participate in our panels, or organize a special workshop with a specific topic at ICCCASU III in Chengdu, China on July 15 - 17, 2019.

For more information or to discuss these partnership opportunities, please contact our partnership team at ICCCASU3@uottawa.ca at your earliest convenience.

"We are keen to strengthen our engagement with partners within and outside Africa to advance our shared priorities for the continent... I think there is value in understanding how your research and the ICCASU* can contribute to improving the evidence base and informing urbanization policy and practice in Africa."

The Honourable Stéphane Dion, P.C., Former M.P.
Former Minister of Foreign Affairs of Canada

*The 2015 International Conference on Chinese and Africa Sustainable Urbanization: A Canadian and International Perspective (ICCASU) changed its name to incorporate Canada in main title in the beginning of 2016, creating ICCCASU.

Organized and Presented by:





第三届中国、非洲和加拿大城市可持续发展国际会议
Third International Conference on Canadian, Chinese and African
Sustainable Development

"一带一路"与节点： 城市建设的新影响与范式

中国 成都
2019年7月15日-17日

ICCCASU超越了南北或南南合作的传统模式，促成了一场非洲各国、加拿大与中国之间的三方对话。该会议将云集来自各个公共、私营和民间社会部门的研究人员、从业者及决策者，旨在共同探讨非洲、加拿大与中国各地区城市发展的挑战，并将重点放在“亚洲世纪”中的城市建设上。

“亚洲世纪”一词的诞生印证了亚洲当代城市化的规模和速度，以及21世纪亚洲日益增长的经济和政治影响力。由于与会三方分别代表了这种影响力转变过程中不同的亲历者视角，这个主题更与ICCCASU息息相关。

在联合国于2016年所提出的新城市议程（NUA）的背景下，ICCCASU III将侧重于包括中国“一带一路”倡议在内的亚洲各国内部和由其所驱动的城市化进程。

ICCCASU III将考察非洲各国、加拿大和中国目前的城市发展模式，以确定如何更好的解决其脆弱性，减少其弱点并在跨越一系列地理、历史、政治和经济背景的前提下促进发展效率、城市繁荣及智慧城市进程。会议还将研究地方和全球层面的问题对可持续城市发展做出了何种限制，以此来确定可以或应该实施的机制，以改善地方与全球层面上对于城市空间的治理。

非洲城市可以从中国控制非正规住宅区的方法中学到什么？我们如何在城市化进程中合理规划土地空间，从而实现城市的可持续发展？在地方和国家层面，促进社区恢复力和建设环境的最佳和最可行的政策、规则、法规及实践方案分别是什么？这些都将成为ICCCASU III的核心问题。

数据事实



25亿

在2050年，持续的人口增长和城市化将预计在世界范围内增加25亿城市人口。



90%

其中接近90%的增长将集中在亚洲和非洲。



不平等

计划外及管理不足的城市扩张将导致无序扩张、污染、环境恶化等现象并加深这种不平等。



城市
贫困

随着数以亿计的城市居民生活在不达标的条件下，城市贫困问题变得越来越难以忽略。



95CM

由于气候变化造成的一系列影响，从现在至2100年间，海平面可能会上升15至95厘米。在非洲，受海岸洪水威胁的人口数量将从1990年的100万上升到2080年的7000万。



2.3兆

包括结束滥砍滥伐及恢复退化森林等在内的自然气候改善方案可以在全球范围内创造近8000万个就业岗位，带领10亿人摆脱贫困并增加约2.3兆美元的生产总值。

作为机构，您能做些什么？

ICCCASU欢迎并感谢您所在机构的支持与贡献！作为一个机构合作伙伴，您可以在推动这一三方对话方面发挥关键作用，同时也支持我们实现可持续和包容性的城市发展，维护城市财产及阻止气候变化的使命。我们诚挚地邀请您加入ICCCASU来展示您的研究成果，或者在2019年7月15日到17日中国成都举行的ICCCASU III大会上组织一个具有特定议题的特别工作组或研讨会。

欲了解更多信息或进一步探讨合作机会，请您尽快通过邮件地址 ICCCASU3@uottawa.ca 联系我们的合作伙伴团队。

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我们寻求和鼓励与非洲内外伙伴的合作，以推动非洲大陆的发展。…您的研究和ICCCASU*将为改善非洲城市化之政策和实践作出很大的贡献。

St é phane Dion, 前加拿大国会下议院议员
前加拿大外交部长

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会议主办单位：

